



NOAA Response to Portfolio Review Task Force Report

A Presentation to the NOAA Science Advisory Board

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Outline



- Purpose
- Issue
- NOAA Responses to Recommendations
- Desired Outcome



Purpose



 To present NOAA's responses to the SAB Portfolio Review Task Force (PRTF) Report In the Nation's Best Interest: Making the Most of NOAA's Science Enterprise



Issue



- At NOAA's request, SAB established the PRTF in 2011 to conduct strategic assessment of NOAA's R&D portfolio
- Assessment resulted in 10 recommendations
- After thorough consideration, NOAA agreed with most recommendations & determined what actions it will take to address them



Issue



- Responses were developed through coordinated effort of cross-NOAA seniorlevel workgroup, with support from NOAA Research Council
- This briefing provides highlights from the complete written response document delivered to the SAB



PRTF Report Recommendations



- Intended to answer 2 overarching questions in the context of NOAA's vision & goals:
 - What R&D portfolio does NOAA need?
 - How should NOAA's R&D portfolio be organized
 & managed, & is its expertise appropriate?





*Note: Actions listed are examples of work completed and planned – see written NOAA response for complete set of actions

1a: Need greater socioeconomic science capacity

- Established "tiger team" to recommend how to fill critical gaps identified in needs assessment
- Created new senior-level social scientist positions
- •Established **partnership with NSF** Social Behavior Economics Division to leverage funds & bring researchers into NOAA to translate hazard research into operations & policy





1a: Need greater socioeconomic science capacity

- •Establish **NOAA committee** to advance, coordinate, & guide social science research, operations, & decision-making
- •Task committee to develop a Social Science **Vision & Strategy** to fill critical gaps & identify opportunities to leverage capacity & funds
- •Work to **fill most critical gaps** identified in 2013 social science needs assessment





1b: Need greater integrated ecosys. sci. capacity

- •Worked with regional Fishery Mgmt. Councils to develop Ecosystem-Based Fishery Mgmt. Plans
- •Developed tools/models to holistically assess large marine ecosystems & transfer scientific knowledge to mgmt., implementing the **Integrated Ecosystem Assessment Program** in 5 regions
- •Established committee to implement a holistic framework for integrating natural & social science to enable multi-scale ecosystem understanding





1b: Need greater integrated ecosys. sci. capacity

- •Convene cross-NOAA interdisciplinary teams of natural & social scientists to synthesize research, obs., monitoring, modeling, etc.
- •Continue to lead development of **Ecosystem-Based Mgmt**. principles & science framework, train managers in application, & conduct pilot projects
- •Continue developing **Ecological Forecasting Roadmap** to increase ability to predict occurrences & effects of events such as HABs & hypoxia





2: Support seamless integration of research & services in research to operations (R2O) & O2R

- •Drafted updates to **NOAA policy** to apply to transitions beyond NOAA, incorporate Technical Readiness Levels, & formalize role of testbeds/proving grounds
- •Established **NOAA-wide committee** to plan, monitor, evaluate, & improve effectiveness of NOAA transitions
- •Established, in collaboration with external partners, a "Research Ready" environment where non-NOAA scientists can run NOAA operational models in a research mode on NOAA computers





2: Support seamless integration of research & services in R2O & O2R

- •Complete & monitor transition plan implementation for projects with R2O &/or O2R
- •Include "science & technologies transferred" as **core evaluation criterion** in regular external reviews of NOAA labs, centers, & programs
- •Implement corporate, "GPRA-ready" **performance measures** of R2O & O2R activities across NOAA





3: Have SAB, with NOAA, form special task force to address identified obs. & data sharing issues

Do not agree (NOAA mgmt. responsibility, plus already relevant ongoing efforts with SAB & others), but **have done**:

- •Defined/prioritized requirements for obs. systems & set guidelines for data mgmt.
- Developed NOAA Observing System Integrated
 Analysis to assess impacts of obs. portfolio changes
- •Formed Quantitative Observing System Assessment Program to study utility of current & future obs. systems





3: Have SAB, with NOAA, form special task force to address identified obs. & data sharing issues

- •Continue broader **observing system network coordination** through bodies such as Global Earth Observation System of Systems
- •Convene **international workshop** on Tropical Pacific Observing Systems
- •Discuss with SAB options (other than new task force) for SAB to advise NOAA on specific observing issues





4: Enhance Chief Scientist (CS) role, including providing budget authority

 <u>Do not agree</u> – While CS should have broad oversight/influence, not clear that benefits of changing budget authority would be worth substantial costs





4: Enhance Chief Scientist (CS) role, including providing budget authority

- Encourage nomination of full-time CS
- •Charge CS with balancing & strengthening NOAA's R&D portfolio & continuing to influence R&D budgets through participation in NOAA leadership forums
- Develop & maintain comprehensive R&D portfolio mgmt. database





5: Maintain strong/productive internal scientific staff

- •Established new **Science Career Track**, allowing non-competitive promotion of high-performing scientists
- •Supported development of **new research scientist capacity**, especially in socio-economic & ecosystem sciences
- •Developed **operating agreements** among labs/centers to leverage expertise, coordinate research, & facilitate R2O





5: Maintain strong/productive internal scientific staff

- •Encourage development of **lab/center staffing plans**, including identifying & removing obstacles to hiring, promotions, & rotations
- •Attract & support development of researchers through **fellowships & other programs**, esp. those encouraging training & hiring of minorities/underrepresented groups
- Explore opportunities to increase use of Interagency
 Personnel Assignments





6: Ensure Cooperative Institutes (CIs) have sufficient support & are aligned with priorities

- •Consulted with CI Directors' Exec. Committee on its concerns & potential ways to address
- Agreed with Cls on new model to fund administrative activities
- Terminated 2 Cls in 2013





6: Ensure Cooperative Institutes (CIs) have sufficient support & are aligned with priorities

Will do:

Continue to have leading role for SAB in periodic CI reviews

NOAA, with agreement of CI Directors' Exec. Committee, believes **no further action is required** to address this recommendation.





7: Examine alignment of funds & staff with strategic plan

- Produced new NOAA 5-Year R&D Plan
- Assessed R&D "progress to plan"
- •Completed human resources needs assessments for ecosystems research & social sciences





7: Examine alignment of funds & staff with strategic plan

- •Annually review R&D execution & future budget formulations in light of PRTF recommendations & NOAA strategic plan
- Establish & maintain Project Portfolio Management
 System
- Produce annual State of NOAA Research report





8: Capitalize on extramural research community support/skills

- Involved external community in Science Challenge Workshops
- Solicited external input for new NOAA 5-Year R&D
 Plan
- •Engaged CI staff in developing plans for some activities supported under **Sandy Supplemental** Appropriation





8: Capitalize on extramural research community support/skills

- Continue to engage partners in longer-range planning
 developing execution plans, including integrating
 results into applications
- •Work with external community & through full-time Chief Scientist to build understanding of R&D needs, funding opportunities, & limitations
- •Leverage external research expertise in fields such as social/behavioral/economic sciences





9: Accelerate development of existing talent

- Collaborated with other agencies on memo to OSTP on the impacts of travel & conference restrictions
- Established Science Career Track
- Broadened applicant pool & increased stipend for Presidential Early Career Award for Scientists & Engineers





9: Accelerate development of existing talent

- •Work with DOC & OMB on **travel issues**, & where appropriate, give special consideration to early- & midcareer scientists for conferences & training
- •Increase interactions/exchanges with other institutions that result in state-of-the art training/professional enrichment for NOAA scientists
- •Establish group of early- to mid-career Educational Partnership Program alumni to focus on barriers & opportunities for career advancement of underrepresented minorities at NOAA





10: Work with others to create ways to manage funds flexibly/efficiently & to implement research priorities over several years

- Proposed restructuring budgets of several offices to increase budget execution flexibility
- Developed budgets with competitively awarded R&D funding in areas of increased priority
- Advanced R&D through opportunities created by eventlinked or time-limited funding (e.g., Sandy Supplemental)





10: Work with others to create ways to manage funds flexibly/efficiently & to implement research priorities over several years

- Work toward restructuring budgets to increase budget
 execution flexibility
- •Provide more information on **R&D accomplishments** in light of NOAA's strategic goals & objectives
- Reorganize office budget structures to better support
 NOAA's strategic goals & objectives



Desired Outcome



 SAB is informed of NOAA's responses to the PRTF report, including several examples of actions NOAA is taking to implement the recommendations in support of its vision & strategic goals